

# SASGO

SASGO is pleased to present this CPD programme to those who have received a copy of SAJGO, or read it online at [www.sajgo.co.za](http://www.sajgo.co.za), and are interested in gynaecological oncology and breast cancer.

To participate, please follow the instructions below and submit your answers by 28 March 2025.

To complete and submit this CPD activity go to [www.mpconsulting.co.za](http://www.mpconsulting.co.za)

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Thank you for your participation, we trust you have enjoyed the read!

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<p><b>1. How many prognostic variables does the WHO scoring system for Gestational Trophoblastic Neoplasia incorporate?</b></p> <p>a. four b. six c. eight d. ten e. twelve</p>	<p><b>6. Regarding POLE-mutated endometrial cancers, which statement applies:</b></p> <p>a. They have a good prognosis b. They have the lowest mutational burden c. They are the commonest molecular group d. They are seldom high-grade tumours e. They are at risk of being under-treated</p>
<p><b>2. The most common site of metastases in GTN is:</b></p> <p>a. Lungs b. Liver c. Bone d. Vagina e. Brain</p>	<p><b>7. The implications of an endometrial cancer having a deficiency of mismatch repair genes is:</b></p> <p>a. The tumour has a poor prognosis b. It will infrequently be a high grade tumour c. The patient may have Lynch syndrome d. Molecular assays are faster and cheaper than immunohistochemistry e. It will frequently be a serous carcinoma</p>
<p><b>3. Common causes of death in women with high-risk GTN do NOT include:</b></p> <p>a. Haemorrhage b. Sepsis c. Multiorgan failure d. Tumour Lysis Syndrome e. Pulmonary Oedema</p>	<p><b>8. This cancer has the highest case fatality rate of all female malignancies:</b></p> <p>a. Lung cancer b. Endometrial cancer c. Cervical cancer d. Ovarian cancer e. Colon cancer</p>
<p><b>4. Which theme was NOT identified to be relevant to primary care-givers of cancer patients during COVID-19?</b></p> <p>a. An opportunity to bond with the patient b. Difficulty in accessing the hospital c. A lack of communication with healthcare professionals d. Hypervigilance e. Poorer outcomes for patients</p>	<p><b>9. The commonest symptom of ovarian cancer is:</b></p> <p>a. Bloating b. Abdominal swelling c. Pelvic pain d. Change in bowel habit e. Urinary frequency</p>
<p><b>5. Regarding endometrial cancer, which statement is not correct?</b></p> <p>a. It is one of the top 10 cancers affecting women b. The Molecular Classification has been used for many years c. There is an increasing incidence of the disease d. It is an important cause of morbidity and mortality for South African women e. Obesity and a sedentary lifestyle play a role in the pathogenesis</p>	<p><b>10. Which is the most important source of information for women with ovarian cancer?</b></p> <p>a. Nurses b. Other patients c. Doctors d. The internet e. Other healthcare professionals</p>

I declare this is my own unguided work.

Signature:..... Date: .....